

Pharmaco-characterization, Antioxidant, and Cytotoxic Activity of *Caesalpinia crista* Linn. and its Role in Prevention of Cell Proliferation in MG-63 Osteosarcoma Cell Lines

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SUMMARY. *Caesalpinia crista* Linn. commonly known as Lata Kranja belongs to the family Caesalpinia- ceae. It is a prickly shrub, found around the world, particularly in India, Sri Lanka, and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands. In India, it is native to areas in tropical regions. *C. crista* has been frequently used in ethno- medicinal practices, yet organized data somewhere lacks in reverse pharmacognostic approach for this plant which shows that plant needs to be further explored for its therapeutic effect. Methanolic extract of *C. crista* whole plant (CME) was analyzed for the following parameters which include total phenols, total flavonoids, HPTLC, and GC-MS analysis followed by antioxidant assay viz. DPPH assay. The MG-63 osteosarcoma cell lines were used to observe the reduction in cell proliferation by MTT assay. The studies also include stan- dardization parameters as per WHO guidelines. CME was subjected to GC-MS analysis which indicated the presence of different active constituents. The phytochemical screening of the methanolic extract showed the presence of rich amounts of phenolic compounds (4.15 %) and flavonoids (3.31%). The plant showed good antioxidant activity which may be due to the ample amount of phenolic constituents. The crude methanolic extract of the plant showed inhibition at all concentrations in a dose-dependent manner. Good scavenging activity was exhibited by the methanolic extract with a low IC₅₀ value through the DPPH assay. There was a reduction in cell proliferation at low doses only. The methanolic extract of *C. crista* exhibits good antiox- idants as well as reduces cell proliferation which is reflected in the results of the DPPH and MTT assays, respectively. However, both are shown at low doses too.

RESUMEN. *Caesalpinia crista* Linn. comúnmente conocida como Lata Kranja pertenece a la familia Caesalpi- niaceae. Es un arbusto espinoso que se encuentra en todo el mundo, particularmente en India, Sri Lanka y las islas Andaman y Nicobar. En la India, es originaria de las zonas de las regiones tropicales. *C. crista* se ha utilizado con frecuencia en las prácticas etnomedicinales, pero los datos organizados en alguna parte carecen de un enfoque farma- cognostico inverso para esta planta, lo que muestra que la planta necesita ser explorada más a fondo por su efecto te- rapéutico. El extracto metanólico de la planta completa de *C. crista* (CME) se analizó para los siguientes parámetros, que incluyen fenoles totales, flavonoides totales, análisis HPTLC y GC-MS, seguido de un ensayo de antioxidantes, a saber. Ensayo DPPH. Las líneas celulares de osteosarcoma MG-63 se usaron para observar la reducción en la pro- liferación celular mediante el ensayo MTT. Los estudios también incluyen parámetros de estandarización según las directrices de la OMS. CME se sometió a análisis GC-MS que indicó la presencia de diferentes componentes activos. El tamizaje fitoquímico del extracto metanólico mostró la presencia de cantidades ricas en compuestos fenólicos (4,15 %) y flavonoides (3,31 %). La planta mostró una buena actividad antioxidante que puede deberse a la gran cantidad de constituyentes fenólicos. El extracto metanólico crudo de la planta mostró inhibición a todas las concentraciones de forma dosis-dependiente. El extracto metanólico mostró una buena actividad depuradora con un valor IC₅₀ bajo a través del ensayo DPPH. Hubo una reducción en la proliferación celular solo con dosis bajas. El extracto metanólico de *C. crista* presenta buenos antioxidantes y reduce la proliferación celular, lo que se refleja en los resultados de los ensayos DPPH y MTT, respectivamente. Sin embargo, ambos también se muestran en dosis bajas.

KEY WORDS: *Caesalpinia crista*, ethnomedicinal, MTT, flavonoids, phenols, HPTLC, GC-MS analysis.

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