

## Effect of Rutin Combined with Nimodipine on the Pharmacokinetics of Nimodipine

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**SUMMARY.** Through *in vivo* and *in vitro* experiments, the pharmacokinetic interaction of rutin with nimodipine was studied. The pharmacokinetic of nimodipine (25 mg/kg) with or without rutin (20 mg/kg/day) was studied. Meanwhile, the transport and metabolic stability of nimodipine was studied in the Caco-2 model and rat liver microsomes. Rutin dramatically suppressed the  $C_{max}$  ( $22.41 \pm 1.93$  vs.  $36.55 \pm 6.87$  ng/mL) and  $t_{1/2}$  (from  $4.13 \pm 0.30$  to  $2.65 \pm 0.17$  h) of nimodipine. The efflux ratio of nimodipine was significantly increased from 1.56 to 1.93. Moreover, the metabolic stability of nimodipine was significantly increased with the intrinsic clearance rate increased from  $36.69 \pm 1.71$  to  $50.66 \pm 2.31$   $\mu$ L/min/mg protein by rutin. The *in vivo* pharmacokinetic study showed a decrease in the system exposure of nimodipine, which might be the results of the inducing of CYP3A4 and P-gp activity by rutin.

**RESUMEN.** Mediante experimentos *in vivo* e *in vitro*, se estudió la interacción farmacocinética de la rutina con nimodipina. Se estudió la farmacocinética de nimodipina (25 mg/kg) con o sin rutina (20 mg/kg/día). Mientras tanto, se estudió el transporte y la estabilidad metabólica de la nimodipina en el modelo Caco-2 y en microsomas de hígado de rata. La rutina suprimió drásticamente la  $C_{max}$  ( $22,41 \pm 1,93$  frente a  $36,55 \pm 6,87$  ng/mL) y  $t_{1/2}$  (de  $4,13 \pm 0,30$  a  $2,65 \pm 0,17$  h) de nimodipina. La relación de salida de nimodipina aumentó significativamente de 1,56 a 1,93. Además, la estabilidad metabólica de la nimodipina aumentó significativamente con la tasa de aclaramiento intrínseco incrementada de  $36,69 \pm 1,71$  a  $50,66 \pm 2,31$   $\mu$ L/min/mg de proteína por rutina. El estudio farmacocinético *in vivo* mostró una disminución en la exposición del sistema de nimodipina, que podría ser el resultado de la inducción de la actividad de CYP3A4 y P-gp por la rutina.

**KEY WORDS:** CYP3A4, Drug-drug interaction, Nimodipine, P-gp, Rutin

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